

# Physics 190 Formula Sheet 1

$$v = v_o + a t$$

$$x = x_o + \frac{1}{2} (v + v_o) t$$

$$x = x_o + v_o t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$x = x_o + \left( \frac{v^2 - v_o^2}{2 a} \right)$$

$$a_R = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$a = \frac{d v}{d t}$$

$$\vec{v}_{ac} = \vec{v}_{ab} + \vec{v}_{bc}$$

$$\vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \dots + \vec{F}_N = m \vec{a}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \vec{F}_n = m \vec{a}$$

$$w = m g$$

$$f_k = \mu_k N$$

$$f_s \leq \mu_s N$$

$$W = F x \cos \theta$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{x}$$

$$K_T = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$\text{Power} = \frac{W}{t}$$

$$\vec{F} = -k \vec{x}$$

$$F = k x$$

$$\Delta U_s = \frac{1}{2} k x_2^2 - \frac{1}{2} k x_1^2$$

$$\Delta U_g = m g h_2 - m g h_1$$

$$\Delta K + \Delta U_g + \Delta U_s = W_f + W_F + \dots$$

$$\vec{p} = m \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{d \vec{p}}{d t}$$

$$\vec{p}_{\text{before}} = \vec{p}_{\text{after}}$$

$$\vec{x}_{\text{cm}} = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N m_n \vec{x}_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N m_n}$$

$$\theta = \frac{s}{r}$$

$$\omega = \frac{d \theta}{d t} = \frac{v}{r}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{d \omega}{d t} = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\omega = \omega_o + \alpha t$$

$$\theta = \theta_o + \frac{1}{2} (\omega + \omega_o) t$$

$$\theta = \theta_o + \omega_o t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$\theta = \theta_o + \left( \frac{\omega^2 - \omega_o^2}{2 \alpha} \right)$$

$$K_R = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

$$\vec{\tau} = r F \sin \theta, \text{ RHR}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \vec{\tau}_n = I \vec{\alpha}$$

$$d \omega = \tau d \theta$$

$$\vec{L} = I \vec{\omega}$$

$$\vec{L} = m v r \sin \theta$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \frac{d \vec{L}}{d t}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \vec{x}}{d t^2} + \frac{k}{m} \vec{x} = 0$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

$$\omega = 2 \pi f$$

$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2} k A^2$$

$$F = \frac{G m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{N m}^2}{\text{kg}^2}$$

$$T^2 = \frac{4 \pi^2 r^3}{G m}$$

$$U_g = - \frac{G m_1 m_2}{r}$$

$$E = - \frac{G m_1 m_2}{2 r}$$

$$\Delta L = \alpha L_o \Delta T$$

$$P V = n R T$$

$$R = 8.31 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{mole K}}$$

$$N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \frac{\text{particles}}{\text{mole}}$$

$$N = n N_A$$

$$k_B = \frac{R}{N_A}$$

$$k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}$$

$$\Delta Q = m c \Delta T$$

$$1 \text{ cal} = 4.186 \text{ J}$$

$$c_{\text{water}} = 1 \frac{\text{cal}}{\text{gram } ^\circ\text{C}}$$

$$\Delta Q = m L$$

$$L_f = 79.7 \frac{\text{cal}}{\text{gram}}$$

$$L_v = 540 \frac{\text{cal}}{\text{gram}}$$

$$\frac{d Q}{d t} = -\kappa A \frac{d T}{d x}$$

$$W = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} P d V$$

$$d U = d Q - d W$$

$$P = \frac{2 N K}{3 V}$$

$$K = \frac{3}{2} k_B T$$

$$v_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{3 k_B T}{m}}$$

$$U = \frac{3}{2} N k_B T$$

$$C_V = \frac{f}{2} R$$

$$C_P - C_V = R$$

$$d Q = n C_V d T$$

$$d Q = n C_P d T$$

$$P V^\gamma = \text{constant}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{C_P}{C_V}$$

$$W = |Q_h| - |Q_c|$$

$$e = \frac{W}{|Q_h|}$$

$$e_{\text{max}} = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_h}$$

$$d S = \frac{d Q}{T}$$